








Cross-Danube Strategy Development on Romanian territory

1st Workshop - of the DONAUREGIONEN+ project
 – Introductory and methodology workshop –
 15th and 16th July 2009
 Senec, Slovak Republic
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The subject of work

- According to Donauregionen project, on the basis of NUTS evaluation and typology, were identified in Romania 3 ARGE subregions (from a total of 5) and 9 Cross-Danube regions (from a total of 21).




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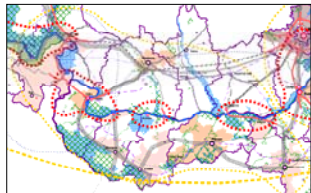
ARGE Subregion SRB has 4 Cross-Danube regions in Romania

- Formed by regions from 5 Romanian counties
- Contains 3 stagnant regions (C type) and 2 depressed regions (D type) at NUTS3 level
- This region belongs to the less developed NUTS3 areas in the whole Donauregionen area: Olt and Teleorman counties




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ARGE Subregion SRB for Romania has 4 Cross-Danube regions






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2.ARGE Subregion RB has 3 Cross-Danube regions in Romania

- Formed by regions from 6 Romanian counties
- It contains 3 stagnant regions (C type) and 3 stabilized regions (B type) at NUTS3 level
- The most developed regions belong to important cities like Bucharest (together with its surrounding county, Ilfov) and Constanta .



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ARGE Subregion RB in Romania has 3 Cross-Danube regions





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3. ARGE Subregion RMU has 2 Cross-Danube regions in Romania

- Formed by regions from 3 Eastern Romanian counties, all of them being stagnant regions (C type) at NUTS3 level
- It includes also the Danube Delta
- Later it will be done a more complex analyse (Ukraine and Moldavia are new partners)

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ARGE Subregion RMU in Romania has 2 Cross-Danube regions



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IDENTIFICATION OF DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES:

A. NATIONAL LEVEL STRATEGIES

- National Development Plan 2007-2013 (NDP), from which derived the National Strategic Reference Framework (NSRF) - elaborated by the Government of Romania
- The Strategic Concept of Territorial Development in Romania 2030 (SCTDR) - elaborated by the Ministry of Regional Development and Housing together with URBANPROIECT and other experts: proposes the main guidelines of territorial development for Romania at regional, interregional and national level, **integrating the Cross-Border and transnational relations.**
- National Spatial Development Plan (NSDP) – elaborated by the Ministry of Regional Development and Housing together with URBANPROIECT and other specialists: has 6 sections, which includes guidelines for medium and long term sectoral strategic programmes.

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B. REGIONAL LEVEL STRATEGIES

- Regional development strategies: Development Strategies of Romanian regions belonging to the Danube area: West, South-West, South, South-East and Bucharest-Ilfov.
- The **Cross-border** component of spatial development is supported by projects financed by programming documents within the objective of territorial cooperation (Programming documents resulted from International Territorial Cooperation Programmes):



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1. Cross-Border Cooperation Programme Romania-Bulgaria 2007-2013

- The **strategy of development** for this cross-border regions is continuing other cross-border cooperation initiatives between Romania and Bulgaria, reflected in Phare CBC Programmes from 1990 to 2006 and in the integration into EU in 2007 of both countries.
- The key-element of this strategy is bringing together the cross-border communities and promoting common actions in order to outbalance the physical, social and cultural barriers and to exploit the opportunities offered by the development of cross-border area.

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2. The Common Operational Programme Romania-Ukraine-Moldavia 2007-2013.

- The strategy of development for this cross-border regions was elaborated according to 4 objectives:
 - Promoting a sustainable economy and social development in the border area
 - Common answers in issues like environment, public health, preventing and fighting against organized crime
 - Ensuring efficient and secured borders
 - Promoting "people to people" activities.

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3. Romania-Serbia IPA Cross-Border Cooperation Programme

- Includes local and regional development strategies of regions from Romania and Serbia within the border region
- Key challenges in these regions:
 - Overcoming specific issues related to the connectedness of the region
 - Tackling the lack of competitiveness, a common issue affecting the economy of the border area
 - Dealing with significant common challenges in environment and cross-border emergency situations
 - Overcoming the border as a "division"
 - Promoting greater cooperation and contact between regions and communities on both sides of the border.

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C. OTHER STRATEGIC SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT DOCUMENTS AT LOCAL LEVEL

- **County development strategies**
- **Integrated Urban Developments Plans**
- **Local cross-border projects and strategies**



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Thank you for your attention!



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